PowerWatch combines pluggable grid sensors, a field-tested deployment methodology, and cloudbased analytics to continuously monitor power quality at each level of the grid, from high-voltage lines to individual customer service connections. While SCADA systems are operational on most electric grids, such systems often under-sample low-voltage, distribution-level outages. In contrast, by plugging into the end consumer's home or business, PowerWatch detects not only the frequency and duration of low-voltage outages, but also grid voltage and frequency, necessary metrics for a comprehensive view of power quality. By operating independent of the utility, nLine can work with our customers to create a sampling strategy for monitoring an investment, performing evaluations of specific geographic areas, or quickly auditing the SAIDI and SAIFI currently being reported to utility SCADA systems.

GridWatch Sensors

- Timestamp outages and restorations with sub-second granularity
- Communicate data in real-time over a cellular connection
- Store data locally and send later in cases of cellular failure
- Continuously monitor and report grid voltage and frequency
- Configure for all household plugs, voltages, and frequencies
- Install quickly and easily on a standard unmodified outlet

Deployment Methodology

- Sensors deployed at outlets in homes and businesses to ensure independence from the utility
- nLine staffs and manages local teams to deploy sensors
- Sensor operations continuously monitored and maintained by nLine field staff
- Participants compensated fairly for participation
- nLine works with customer to determine proper trade-off between coverage, cost, and accuracy
- Sensors can be easily co-deployed with survey instrument

Analytics and Reporting

nLine collects data from the sensors into the Data Access System which extracts the KPIs required by evaluators, formats the data into reportready graphs and figures, and produces analytics and reporting such as:

- SAIDI and SAIFI over any time period or geographic area
- Real-time outages maps with < 2 minute latency
- specific grid infrastructure or geographic areas with poor power quality
- Average grid voltage and frequency grouped by hour of the day, day of the week, or month of the year
- Comparison against SAIDI and SAIFI reported by a utility or their SCADA system (if SCADA information is provided)
- Data stream integration with utility O&M systems



